

Frit fly (*Oscinella frit* L.)

- Larvae are yellowish-white in colour and can grow up to 5mm long.
- There are usually 3 generations per year, and the third generation which emerges in late August/early September is the most damaging.
- Eggs are laid on or near grass plants and the larvae tunnel into the centre of grass and cereal plants causing dead-hearts. They may then move to another tiller or plant, even if the field has been ploughed.

